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Signature Gathering in Montana:

YOUR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES



Welcome -

- Congratulations -
- You are participating in a petition process that is very important to political decision making in Montana.



Important Notice

- Please Note: The most up-to-date information on ballot issue process is on the Secretary of State's website at sos.mt.gov/Elections. It is the responsibility of the ballot issue sponsor to ensure that all applicable laws are followed, including laws governing signature gathering activities and any deadline requirements. In addition to the information in this Guide, each ballot issue sponsor should periodically research the SOS website, as well as review Title 13, Chapter 27 MCA and Article III, Article IV and Article XIV of the Montana Constitution in their entirety.
- If necessary, please consult with a private attorney for questions about the information provided in these Guidelines. The information presented here is meant to direct interested users through a process that can be complicated and may require legal assistance.



Welcome -

- In Montana there are different types of statewide petitions relating to statutory initiatives, constitutional initiatives, and initiative referendums.
- This presentation does not cover candidate petitions, party petitions, recall petitions, or local petitions.



Welcome -

- In 1906 Montana voters approved creation of initiative and referendum – a system of making laws by the people.
- As a signature gatherer, paid or unpaid, you are on the front lines of this system.
- You are helping to amend or create state law.
- All signature gatherers should follow the rules and guidelines of this training manual.



What's the difference between an initiative and a referendum?

• An **initiative** is when a citizen or group starts a petition for an idea that they would like to change or become a law or an amendment to the state constitution.



What's the difference between an initiative and a referendum?

 A referendum is when a person or group seeks to overturn a law that has just been passed by the Montana Legislature.



- To place an initiative or referendum on the ballot, petitioners must obtain a specified number of valid signatures of Montana registered voters.
- The total number of valid signatures required is determined by the state constitution.
- The number of valid signatures required is based upon a percentage of the total votes cast for all candidates for Governor at the most recent election.

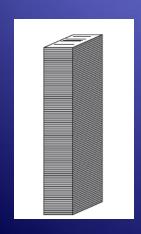


- For a constitutional initiative the statewide percentage is 10%, and 10% of the voters in each of at least 40 legislative representative districts.
- The percentage for a statutory initiative or initiative referendum to qualify for the ballot is 5% statewide, and 5% of the qualified voters in each of 34 legislative representative districts.
 - The percentage required for an initiative referendum to suspend an act referred to the people is 15% of the voters in each of at least 51 legislative representative districts.



For example:

• For the 2012 ballot, petitioners will be required to obtain 48,674 valid signatures to qualify an initiative that amends the state constitution, as well as 10% of the voters in each of 40 legislative districts.

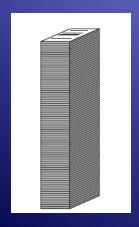


Constitutional Initiative 48,674 valid signatures

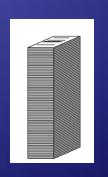


For example:

• For the 2012 ballot, petitioners will be required to obtain 24,337 valid signatures to qualify an initiative that creates or amends state law or an initiative referendum that refers a bill to the voters, and 5% of the voters in each of at least 34 legislative districts.



Constitutional Initiative 48,674 valid signatures



Statutory Initiative or Initiative Referendum 24,337 valid signatures

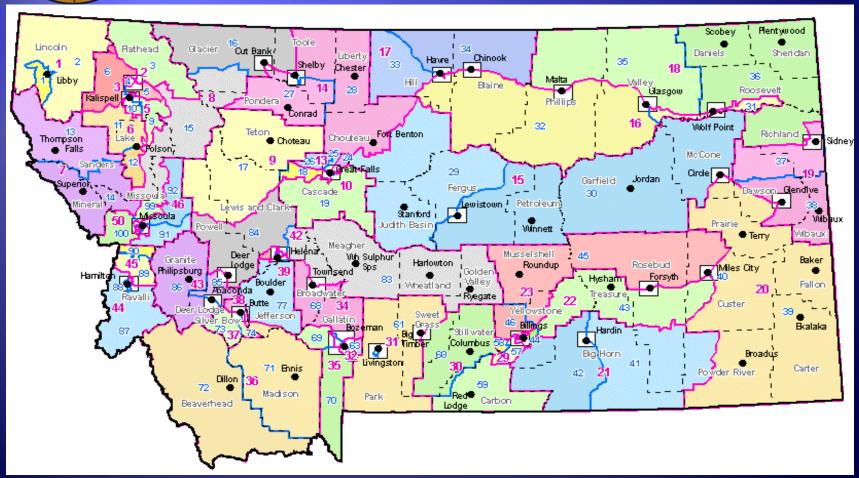


For example:

- For the 2012 ballot, petitioners who wish to suspend a law passed by the Legislature will be required to obtain signatures equal to 15% of the voters in each of 51 of 100 legislative representative districts
- The total required varies by the number of voters in the legislative districts; depending on the districts chosen – as low as 31,238 signatures to as high as 43,247 signatures



2011 Legislative Districts Map





What financial reporting requirements are there?

- People who employ paid signature gatherers must follow <u>13-27-112</u> and <u>13-27-113</u> MCA
- Contact the Commissioner of Political Practices for questions on compliance with reporting requirements



Who are signature gatherers of statewide ballot issues?

- A signature gatherer for a statewide ballot issue must be a resident of Montana, as defined in 1-1-215, MCA
- Signature gatherers may be volunteers or may be paid
 - If paid, a signature gatherer for a statewide ballot issue may not be paid anything of value based upon the number of signatures gathered
- There is no statutory age restriction for signature gathering



Who are signature gatherers of statewide ballot issues?

- An individual gathering signatures for a candidate, political party, recall, or local petition is not:
 - required to be a resident of Montana, and
 - prohibited from being paid anything of value based on the number of signatures gathered



- While gathering signatures, ensure that the full text of the ballot issue is attached to the petition if the full text is not already contained within each signature sheet
 - Allow anyone to read the full text of the ballot issue
- Be in the presence of each signer when gathering signatures
 - Do not leave the petition unattended



- Provide an affidavit of signature gatherer with each petition sheet, or section of up to
 25 sheets fastened together
 - After you gather the last signature that you attach to the affidavit, write in the date on which you gathered the first signature that is attached to the affidavit
 - Provide your address on the affidavit



- Sign the affidavit in front of a notary after you gather the last signature on the petition sheet(s) that are attached to the petition
- Do not attach additional signatures after signing the affidavit in front of a notary
- After you sign the affidavit, use a new affidavit for any additional signatures gathered



• A signature gatherer who signs an affidavit **before** the last signer on the attached petitions has signed cannot logically nor legally claim that all the signers knew what they were signing, as is required by law



- Give accurate information to anyone who signs, attempts to sign, or requests information
- Check to ensure that signers provide the correct date; if they do not, have them change the date and initial it
- Follow instructions provided by the ballot issue sponsor
- Submit petition sheets to sponsor and/or to county election offices by applicable deadlines



- It is essential that you follow state laws when you circulate a petition, or the signatures that you worked to collect could be rejected.
- The laws are written to protect Montana's petition system from fraudulent signature gathering. They are taken seriously.



What should signature gatherers look for on the Petition Sheet?

Make sure the signer puts the correct date; if not, ask the signer to fix the date

Date Signed

		WARNING			
A person who purposefully signs a name signs when not a legally registered Mont				t one election	on or who
Each person is required to sign the person voter registration card or the signature v		person's address or telephone numb	per in substantially the same mann	er as on the	e person's
In place of a residence address, the signs	er may provide the sign	er's post-office address or the sign	ner's home telephone number.		
		/			
	/			For County Election Office Use Only	
Signature	Date Signed	Residence Address or Post- Office Address or Home Telephone Number	Printed Last Name and	Legis. Rep. District Number	Reserve
1.	Signed	reseptions fromost	Tistano Micole Ilitas (
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
	(numbers	d lines continued to fill up page)		<u> </u>	
COUNTY:					
(OPTIONAL: Instructions to petition sign	nature gatherers, e.g.	where to mail completed petition	sheets and affidavit(s), and dead	ine for sub	mission to
county)					

Residence Address or Post-Office Address or Home Telephone Number

Signers are allowed to write in a phone number, but an address makes it easier to identify the signer

Printed Last Name and First and Middle Initials

The printed last name and initials should be legible



What should signature gatherers look for on the Affidavit?

The date you put in below should match the first date signed on the petition that is attached to the affidavit

Date on which the first signature attached was gathered

	Affidavit of Petition Signature	davit of Petition Signature Gatherer				
	An affidavit must be attached to each sheet or section may be fastened to this affidavit in sections of not mo	submitted to the election administrator. Separate sheets of a petition re than 25 sheets.				
AFFIDAVIT FILED WITH I	ECTION ADMINISTRATOR					
I, (printed name of p	person who is the signature gatherer)					
on the petition are electors who are re	genuine, are the signatures of the persons whose r	avit is attached on the stated dates, that I believe the signatures names they purport to be, and are the signatures of Montana ber following the person's signature, and that the signers knew				
	Date on which the first signatu	re <u>attached</u> was gathered				
Signature of petition signature gatherer						
(Do not sign above before gathering the signatures on the petition(s) that you attach to this affidavit.)						
Address of petition signature gatherer						
	City, state and zip code					
	IZED OFFICER – DO NOT FILL OUT THIS SECTION UNTIL AFTER TO	HE SIGNATURES GATHERED HAVE BEEN ATTACHED TO THIS AFFIDAVIT				
State of Montana County of						
Where to file Peti		0 Printed Name of Signature Gatherer				
Affidavit: County Election Administrator's Offic A list of county electi offices may be found sos.mt.gov/election	ection und at:	Signature of Notary or Public Official [Montana notaries must complete the following if not part of stamp at left]				
303.1112.1207, 5755.1	<u> </u>	Printed Name of Notary Public				
		Notary Public for the State of Montana Residing at:				
	[SEAL/STAMP]	My commission expires;				
L		Updated April 15, 2011				

Do not sign the affidavit until AFTER you have gathered the last signature that you attach to the affidavit

Check to see if the notary has filled in all required items or used a stamp with all the required items



What are the rights of signature gatherers?

- See below . . .
 - 13-27-210. Physical prevention of obtaining signatures or physical intimidation of signature gatherers prohibited.
 - A person may not knowingly or purposefully physically prevent an individual from obtaining signatures or attempting to obtain signatures on a petition for a ballot issue or physically intimidate another individual when that individual is obtaining or attempting to obtain signatures on a petition for a ballot issue.
 - A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500, by imprisonment for not more than 90 days, or by both a fine and imprisonment.



What are the rights of signature gatherers?

- If an employer promises to pay you by the hour, the employer must pay you for the number of hours you worked regardless of how many signatures you collect on petitions
- You must be paid at least the minimum wage, and must be paid overtime for any hours over 40 worked in a workweek
- If you believe that you have not been paid correctly, contact the Department of Labor and Industry
- Notify the Secretary of State or your county attorney if you are asked to accept payment based on the number of signatures you obtain



Thank you for participating in the Montana petition process

- Montana takes the petition process very seriously.
- Your participation in the process will be successful if you know the laws and follow the laws.
- If you have any questions regarding the process of gathering petitions, contact the Secretary of State, Elections and Government Services, at soselections@mt.gov or at (406) 444-5346.